

## § 930.203b

(4) OPM finds that the employee meets the current examination requirements for the position under OPM Examination Announcement No. 318. In an emergency situation, when the needs of an agency require it, OPM may authorize the conditional appointment of an employee to an administrative law judge position pending final decision on the employee's eligibility for absolute appointment under this paragraph.

(d) *Appointment of legislative and judicial employees.* An agency may appoint a former employee of the legislative or judicial branch to an administrative law judge position if OPM finds that the employee meets current examination requirements under OPM Examination Announcement No. 318 and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 3304(c).

(e) *Appointment of incumbents of non-administrative law judge positions.* Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, an agency may not appoint an employee who is serving in a position other than an administrative law judge position to an administrative law judge position other than by selection from a certificate of eligibles furnished by OPM from the open competitive register.

## § 930.203b Title of administrative law judge.

The title "administrative law judge" is the official class title for an administrative law judge position. Each agency will use only this official class title for personnel, budget, and fiscal purposes.

## § 930.204 Promotion.

(a) When OPM places an occupied administrative law judge position at a higher level, OPM will direct the promotion of the incumbent administrative law judge. The promotion will be effective on the date named by OPM.

(b) When OPM places one of an agency's administrative law judge positions at a higher level on the basis of the position's managerial and administrative nature, an agency may promote one of its administrative law judges to such a position, provided the selection and/or

## 5 CFR Ch. I (1-1-04 Edition)

promotion is in accordance with regular civil service procedures.

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## § 930.205 Reassignment.

An agency may reassign an administrative law judge who is serving under absolute appointment from one administrative law judge position to another administrative law judge position at the same grade in the same agency, with the prior approval of OPM on a noncompetitive basis, provided the assignment is for bona fide management reasons and in accordance with regular civil service procedures and merit system principles.

## § 930.206 Transfer.

(a) An agency may transfer an administrative law judge from another agency with the prior approval of OPM on a noncompetitive basis in accordance with regular civil service procedures, provided the administrative law judge meets all current examination requirements for appointment as an administrative law judge under OPM Examination Announcement No. 318.

(b) An agency may not transfer a person from one administrative law judge position to another administrative law judge position under paragraph (a) of this section sooner than 1 year after the person's last appointment, unless the gaining and losing agencies agree to the transfer.

[56 FR 6209, Feb. 14, 1991]

## § 930.207 Reinstatement.

An agency may reinstate former administrative law judges who have served with absolute status under 5 U.S.C. 3105 only after they have established their eligibility in accordance with all current examination requirements of OPM Examination Announcement No. 318. Reinstatement is subject to investigation by, and the prior approval of, OPM.

[56 FR 6209, Feb. 14, 1991]

## § 930.208 Restoration.

Parts 352 and 353 of this chapter governing reemployment rights and restoration to duty after military service or recovery from compensable injury,